

Texas' Fight Against Perinatal Hepatitis B

Texas Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program Summit 2024

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Conference Welcome





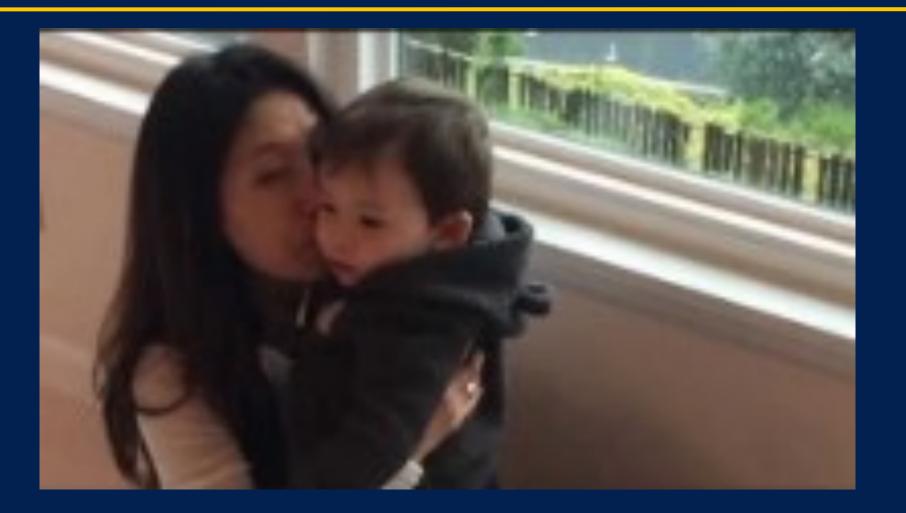
Conference Goal:

- Share, discuss, and recommend strategies to prevent and decrease the mother-to-child transmission of Hepatitis B
- Improve the care of those at risk for Hepatitis B to ensure infants receive appropriate care.
- Recognize providers who are provide life-saving care to people with Hepatitis B.

One Woman's Story



Texas Department of State Health Services





Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program Overview



- Hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in a pregnant woman poses a serious risk to her infant at birth. Without post-exposure prophylaxis, approximately 40% of infants born to HBV-infected mothers in the United States will develop chronic HBV infection, approximately one-fourth of whom will eventually die from chronic liver disease.
- Perinatal HBV transmission can be prevented by identifying HBV-infected (i.e., hepatitis B surface antigen [HBsAg]-positive) pregnant women and providing hepatitis B immune globulin and hepatitis B vaccine to their infants within 12 hours of birth.*



^{*}Perinatal Transmission of Hepatitis B virus | CDC

Six Responsibilities

Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program

Assure
administration of PEP
within 12 hours of
birth for exposed
infants

Assure completion of hepatitis B vaccine series and post-vaccination Serologic Testing (PVST) of exposed infants

Conduct active surveillance, quality assurance, outreach, and education to improve PHBPP



Health Services













Identify all HBsAg positive pregnant women and their infants

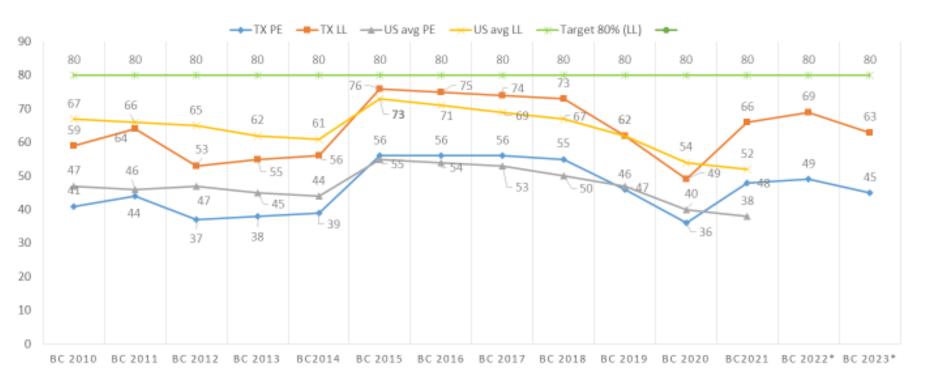
Administer universal Hep B vaccine dose at birth Identify and vaccinate susceptible household contacts less than 24 months of age



Success of the Perinatal Hepatitis B Prevention Program



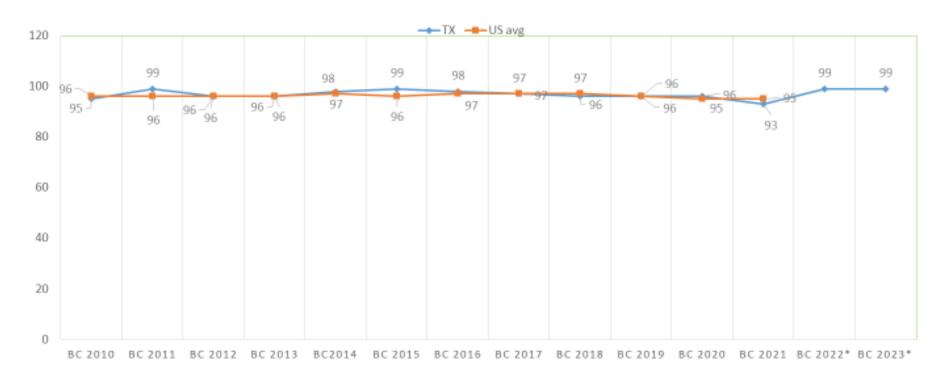
Identified Births to Expected Births: Texas & US Average (2010-2023)



In 2020, awardee identified 413 HBsAg-positive births or potentially HBV exposed infants compared 544 in 2019 *2022 awardee identified 536 infants-2023 is preliminary data awardee identified 483



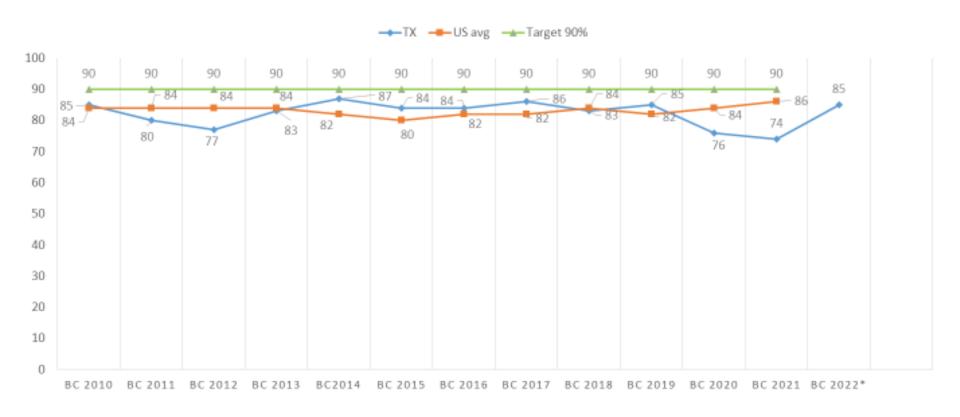
Percent of Infants with ACIP Recommended PEP at Birth: Texas & US Average (2010-2023)



*2022-2023 is preliminary data



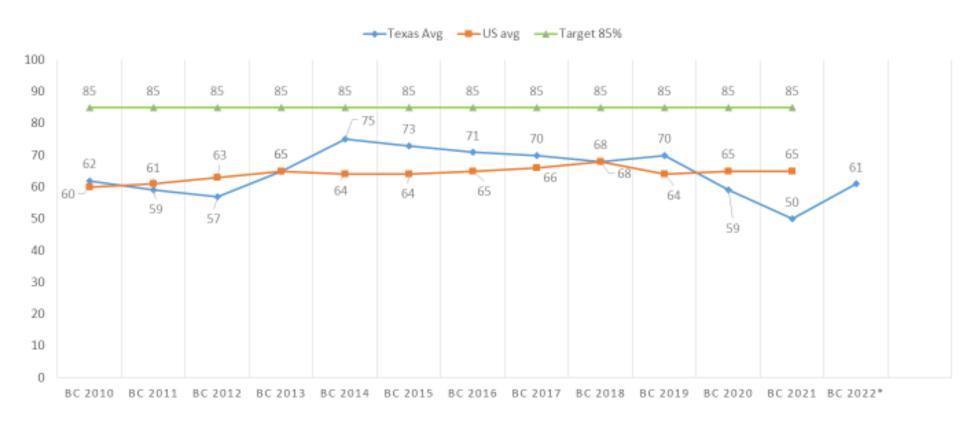
Percent of Infants with HBIG & Series Complete by 12 Months of Age: Texas & US Average (2010-2022)



*2022 is preliminary data



Percent of Infants with PVST by End of Reporting Period 1: Texas & US Average (2010-2022)



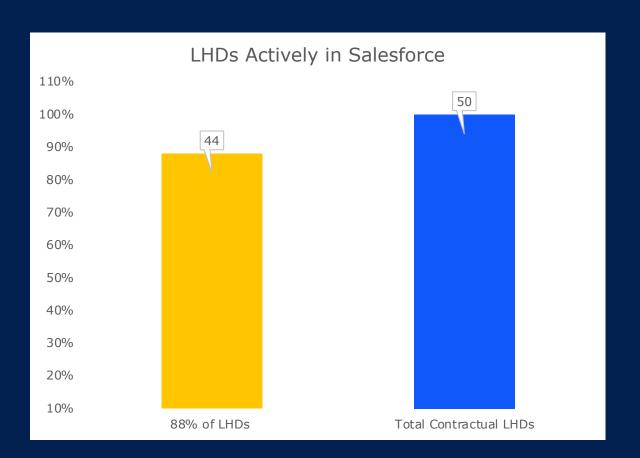
*2022 is preliminary data

Local Health Department Participation

Success of 2023:

- DSHS PHBPP began using Salesforce in August 2022.
- Better quality and more timely data by using Salesforce.
- 88% (44 of 50)
 LHDs are actively working within Salesforce.

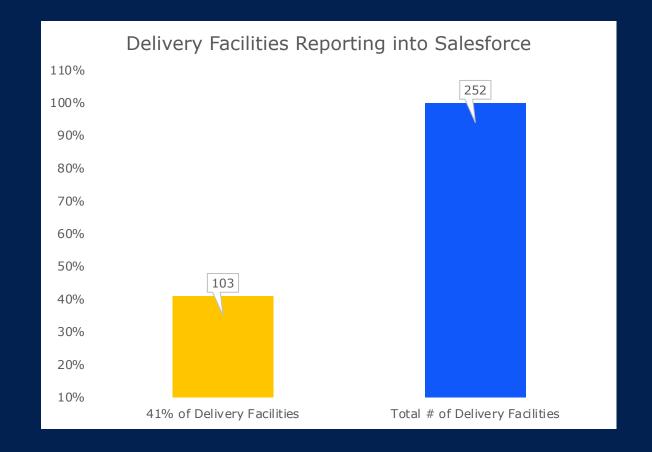




Online Provider Portal Participation

Online Provider Portal

- 41% of birthing facilities are reporting
- 34% of prenatal providers are reporting







Thank You Enjoy the 2024 Summit

Joshua Hutchison
Associate Commissioner
Infectious Disease Prevention Division