

# Dental Pharmacological Considerations for Pregnant Women

	MAY BE USED	MAY BE USED WITH SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS	AVOID OR NEVER USE
<b>Analgesics*</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Acetaminophen</li> <li>◦ Acetaminophen with Codeine, Hydrocodone or Oxycodone</li> </ul>	<p>Second trimester, 13 up to 20 weeks: May use for short duration, 48 to 72 hours.</p> <p>Second trimester, 20 up to 27 weeks: Limit use.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Aspirin</li> <li>◦ Ibuprofen</li> <li>◦ Naproxen</li> </ul>	<p>Avoid use in the first and third trimester.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Aspirin</li> <li>◦ Ibuprofen</li> <li>◦ Naproxen</li> </ul>
<b>Antibiotics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Amoxicillin</li> <li>◦ Cephalosporins</li> <li>◦ Clindamycin</li> <li>◦ Metronidazole</li> <li>◦ Penicillin</li> </ul>		<p><b>Avoid!</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Ciprofloxacin</li> <li>◦ Clarithromycin</li> <li>◦ Levofloxacin</li> <li>◦ Moxifloxacin</li> </ul> <p><b>Never Use!</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Tetracycline</li> </ul>
<b>Anesthetics</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Local Anesthetics with Epinephrine (e.g. Lidocaine)</li> </ul>	<p>Consult with a prenatal provider before using:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Nitrous Oxide</li> </ul>	
<b>Therapeutic Agents</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Chlorhexidine mouth rinse</li> <li>◦ Professionally applied topical fluorides</li> </ul> <p><i>Use alcohol-free products during pregnancy</i></p>		

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\*Oral pain can often be managed with non-opioid medication. If opioids are used, prescribe the lowest dose for the shortest duration (usually less than 3 days) and avoid issuing refills to reduce risk for dependency.



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