

**Texas Department of State Health Services  
Texas Cancer Registry**

Expected New Cancer Cases and Deaths by Primary Site, Jefferson County, 2013.

Type	Expected New Cases			Expected Deaths		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
All Sites Combined	1,343	741	602	511	280	231
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	30	22	8	8	6	2
Esophagus	13	11	3	11	9	2
Stomach	21	13	8	12	8	5
Colon	97	51	47	42	23	19
Rectum	35	21	14	9	5	4
Liver and Intrahepatic Bile Duct	27	20	7	22	16	7
Pancreas	34	18	17	31	16	15
Larynx	13	11	2	4	3	1
Lung and Bronchus	195	115	80	143	85	58
Melanoma of the skin	49	30	19	6	4	2
Breast	187	2	185	37	0	37
Cervix Uteri	11	0	11	4	0	4
Corpus and Uterus, NOS	28	0	28	6	0	6
Ovary	17	0	17	11	0	11
Prostate	219	219	0	27	27	0
Testis	5	5	0	0	0	0
Urinary Bladder	45	34	10	11	8	3
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	50	31	19	13	8	5
Brain and Other Nervous System	17	9	7	11	6	5
Thyroid	25	7	18	1	0	1
Hodgkin's Lymphoma	6	4	3	1	1	0
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma	49	28	22	16	10	7
Multiple Myeloma	22	12	10	10	6	4
Leukemia	35	21	15	19	11	8
Kaposi's Sarcoma	2	1	0	0	0	0

All sites combined includes all malignant cancers and in-situ bladder cancer.

New cases estimated by applying age-, sex-, and race/ethnic-specific incidence rates for Texas 2005-2009, to the projected Texas 2013 population. Melanoma, breast and prostate cancer expected cases were estimated by applying California 2005-2009 age-, sex-, and race/ethnic-specific incidence rates to the projected Texas 2013 population. California rates were used for these sites due to additional case-ascertainment methods used in California, and similar race and ethnic populations.

Expected deaths estimated by applying age-, sex-, and race/ethnic-specific mortality rates for Texas, 2008-2009, to the projected Texas 2013 population.

Texas population projections for 2013 were provided by the Center for Health Statistics, Texas Department of State Health Services on January 31, 2013 (statewide), February 4, 2013 (Health Service Regions), February 11, 2013 (Counties).

Totals may not sum due to rounding.

Source: Prepared by the Cancer Epidemiology and Surveillance Branch, Texas Department of State Health Services, April, 2013.