## TABLE I REPORTED DISEASES<sup>1</sup> 2006-2015

DISEASE	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
AMEBIASIS	206	189	183	148	112	200	244	336	434	204
AMEBIC CNS <sup>2</sup>	3	109	103	140	0	200	0	1	3	0
ANTHRAX	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BABESIOSIS	1	1	1	NR <sup>3</sup>	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
BOTULISM, FOODBORNE	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
BOTULISM, INFANT <sup>4</sup>	7	7	7	1	4	8	4	8	4	5
BOTULISM, OTHER	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
BOTULISM, WOUND	1	1 15	2	1	1	0	12	1	0 25	1
BRUCELLOSIS  CALIFORNIA ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS <sup>5</sup>	23	0	11	18 3	11 0	21 1	0	9		18 0
CAMPYLOBACTERIOSIS	3,944		2,640		_	2,001	1,617	1,441	1,690	1,075
CARBAPENEM-RESISTANT	875	NA <sup>6</sup>	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
ENTEROBACTERIACEAE (CRE)										
CHAGAS	25	20	19	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
CHICKENPOX (VARICELLA)	1,491	1,647	1,874	2,410	2,558	2,760	4,445	7,839	10,061	11,768
CHIKUNGUNYA <sup>7</sup>	55	114	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
CHOLERA	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	1	0
CONTAMINATED SHARPS INJURY	NA	NA	NA	1,263	NA <sup>8</sup>	1,309	1,241	1,652	1,454	1,461
CREUTZFELDT-JAKOB DISEASE CRYPTOSPORIDIOSIS <sup>9</sup>	18 740	26 416	14 412	302	18 504	28 359	21 419	19 3,342	14 233	272
CYCLOSPORIDIOSIS*	316	200	412 351	302 44	504 14	359	419 10	3,342	233	273 1
CYSTICERCOSIS	14	16	7	10	9	6	9	5	3	NR
DENGUE	32	34	95	16	7	19	14	22	32	8
DIPHTHERIA <sup>10</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EASTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS⁵	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EHRLICHIOSIS/ANAPLASMOSIS <sup>11</sup>	11	15	8	5	6	7	7	29	32	7
ENCEPHALITIS, NONARBOVIRAL	NR	NR	NR	31	17	17	4	15	11	NA
ESCHERICHIA COLI, SHIGA TOXIN-PRODUCING (STEC) 12	610	612	606	499	486	351	247	332	210	NA
ESCHERICHIA COLI (E. COLI) O157:H7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	78
E. COLI, SHIGA POSITIVE NON-0157	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	21
E. COLI, SHIGA POSITIVE NOT SEROGROUPED	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	111
FLAVIVIRUS, UNSPECIFIED	8	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
HAEMOPHILUS INFLUENZAE TYPE B, INVASIVE HANTAVIRUS INFECTION	11 0	12	5	3 0	0	12	7	11	14	11
HANTAVIRUS INFECTION  HANTAVIRUS PULMONARY SYNDROME	2	5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
HEMOLYTIC UREMIC SYNDROME	14	6	20	13	22	19	6	12	11	16
HEPATITIS A, ACUTE	147	123	109	134	138	139	184	259	264	330
HEPATITIS B, ACUTE	159	122	142	170	204	394	420	562	741	833
HEPATITIS B, PERINATAL <sup>13</sup>	1	3	2	4	4	2	1	8	3	1
HEPATITIS C, ACUTE	48	47	28	44	37	35	36	59	67	56
HEPATITIS C, CHRONIC	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NA
HEPATITIS D, ACUTE	NR	NR	NR	0	0	1	0	1	2	0
HEPATITIS E, ACUTE <sup>14</sup> INFLUENZA-ASSOCIATED PEDIATRIC MORTALITY <sup>15</sup>	15 12	17 23	7 17	9 12	14 11	7	1 54	9	13	2 NR
INFLUENZA, NOVEL A	0	0	0	0	0	0	1+ <sup>16</sup>	1	0	NR
JAPANESE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
LEGIONELLOSIS	292	256	168	158	111	136	115	81	121	69
LEISHMANIASIS	6	12	11	6	4	0	2	0	9	NR
LISTERIOSIS	41	19	28	28	51	53	27	37	64	41
LYME DISEASE	54	40	82	75	74	142	276	153	87	29
MALARIA	99	106	90	102	102	98	87	87	130	106
MEASLES	1	10	27	0	6	0	1 050	0	7	0
MENINGITIS, ASEPTIC MENINGITIS, BACTERIAL/OTHER <sup>17</sup>	NR NR	NR NR	NR NR	1,169	1,294	1,663	1,858	1,747	2,126	1,740
MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTION <sup>18</sup>	30	22	30	387 37	422 30	457 59	428 53	509 70	486 55	337 45
MULTIDRUG-RESISTANT ACINETOBACTER (MDR-A)	978	NA <sup>6</sup>	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
MUMPS	20	15	13	15	68	121	40	20	21	58
NOVEL CORONAVIRUS <sup>19</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PERTUSSIS	1,504	2,576	3,985	2,218	961	2,848	3,358	2,046	1,051	954
PLAGUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
POLIOMYELITIS <sup>20</sup>	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Q FEVER	13	12	20	12	19	12	13	24	11	13
RABIES, HUMAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
RELAPSING FEVER RUBELLA	1 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RUBELLA, CONGENITAL SYNDROME <sup>21</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SALMONELLOSIS	5,727				5,218			5,583	3,534	3,060
	~,· Z i	5,170	.,0 10	.,000	٥,٢١٥	.,020	5,557	2,000	5,55	5,550

DISEASE	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
SHIGELLOSIS	5,623	2,743	2,386	1,926	2,539	2,626	2,295	4,665	2,358	2,065
SMALLPOX <sup>22</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SPOTTED FEVER GP RICKETTSIOSES	61	94	83	77	52	34	36	62	49	40
ST LOUIS ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS <sup>5</sup>	0	4	1	3	0	3	4	0	0	1
STREPTOCOCCUS, GROUP A	729	601	419	333	427	355	326	426	281	302
STREPTOCOCCUS, GROUP B	1,703	1,356	1,050	1,020	903	825	658	583	433	464
STREPTOCOCCUS PNEUMONIAE	1,693	1,562	1,715	1,535	1,603	1,912	1,952	1,886	1,417	901
TAENIASIS	6	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	NR
TETANUS	2	4	2	3	2	0	1	3	0	1
TRICHINOSIS	4	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
TULAREMIA	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
TYPHOID FEVER	24	20	13	29	26	32	23	31	22	17
TYPHUS, MURINE	324	308	222	263	286	135	191	157	169	146
VENEZUELAN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS <sup>5</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIBRIO PARAHAEMOLYTICUS	22	17	22	16	29	17	13	12	15	11
VIBRIO VULNIFICUS	35	16	22	15	17	32	19	17	26	22
VIBRIO, OTHER/UNSPECIFIED	45	44	40	35	33	30	36	28	19	21
VIRAL HEMORRHAGIC FEVER <sup>23</sup>	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VISA <sup>24</sup>	9	5	8	23	6	10	4	2	3	NR
VRSA <sup>25</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WESTERN EQUINE ENCEPHALITIS VIRUS⁵	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST NILE FEVER	79	126	70	1,024	7	12	22	24	90	121
WEST NILE NEUROINVASIVE DISEASE	196	253	113	844	20	77	93	40	170	233
YELLOW FEVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
YERSINIOSIS	44	26	35	22	18	19	17	14	10	13
ZIKA	8	NR								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Diseases listed reflect those that were notifiable in Texas each year based on Texas Administrative Code. Counts are by calendar year. Case counts are presumed to be underestimates of true disease incidence due to incomplete reporting. Data in this table may not match tables in articles in this publication that were written prior to completion of data review for this report, or other previously published materials.

<sup>3</sup> Condition was not reportable (NR) in Texas.

- <sup>5</sup> Since 2007, includes both neuroinvasive and non-neuroinvasive cases. Prior to 2007, only neuroinvasive cases were reportable.
- <sup>6</sup> Data is no available (NA) for the whole year. MDR-A and CRE were not officially reportable until April 21<sup>st</sup>, 2014.

<sup>7</sup> Includes both neuro-invasive and non-neuroinvasive cases.

- <sup>9</sup> Prior to 2008, only laboratory confirmed cases of cryptosporidiosis were counted. During 2008, there were numerous large outbreaks associated with recreational water exposure and the Texas case definition was expanded to include probable cases with symptoms and exposure to lab-confirmed cases or known outbreak locations. This change was included in the national case definition beginning in 2009.
- <sup>10</sup> The last case of diphtheria reported in Texas occurred in 1977 and the last case reported in the United States occurred in 1979.
- <sup>11</sup> In 2008, the classification of Ehrlichiosis changed from Ehrlichiosis, Human granulocytic, monocytic, or other/unspecified to classification by etiologic agent *Anaplasma phagocytophilum* (formerly Human Granulocytic Ehrlichiosis), *Ehrlichia chaffeensis* (formerly Human Monocytic Ehrlichiosis), *Ehrlichia ewingii* (formerly Ehrlichiosis other/unspecified) and Ehrlichiosis/Anaplasmosis-undetermined. These are grouped together in the ten-year tables, but are listed separately in the other tables.
- <sup>12</sup> The categories for classifying enterohemorhagic *Escherichia coli* were modified beginning in 2007 and do not completely overlap those of previous years.
- <sup>13</sup> Perinatal hepatitis B cases are defined as infants >1 month through 24 months of age born in the US to HBsAg positive mothers.
- <sup>14</sup> Beginning in 2007, Hepatitis E antibody positive cases without confirmatory testing at CDC were not counted as confirmed. Through 2010 only confirmed cases are counted. Beginning in 2011 a probable case definition was added and subsequent counts include both confirmed and probable cases.
- <sup>15</sup> Influenza-associated pediatric mortality cases are under 18 years of age by definition.
- <sup>16</sup> The first Texas case of the 2009 novel H1N1 influenza A strain was identified in April. This strain resulted in a pandemic.
- <sup>17</sup> Meningitis, bacterial/other" includes all cases of meningitis due to bacterial, fungal, and parasitic infectious agents. It includes cases that are also counted under specific etiologic agents such as *Haemophilus influenzae* serotype b, *Neisseria meningitidis*, Group A *Streptococcus*, Group B *Streptococcus*, *Streptococcus pneumoniae* and *Listeria monocytogenes*. For 2007, two cases had both bacterial and other etiologies.

18 Includes all cases of invasive Neisseria meningitidis including cases of meningitis, septicemia, and joint infections.

- <sup>19</sup>in 2014, the more general category of novel coronavirus causing severe acute respiratory disease was added to the Texas notifiable conditions list in place of severe acute respiratory syndrome-associated coronavirus (SARS). No cases have ever been reported in Texas.
- <sup>20</sup> In Texas, the last reported case of wild-strain paralytic poliomyelitis occurred in 1977 and the last vaccine-associated paralytic poliomyelitis (VAPP) acquired in the US occurred in 1999. The use of oral polio vaccine (OPV) was discontinued in the US in 2000. In 2013 a case of travel-associated VAPP occurred.
- <sup>21</sup> Congenital rubella cases are under 1 year of age by definition.
- <sup>22</sup> The last case of smallpox in the United States occurred in Texas in 1949. The last naturally occurring case in the world occurred in 1977.
- <sup>23</sup> This category includes exotic conditions such as Lassa fever, Marburg, and Ebola. Dengue and Hantavirus would be reported only under their respective conditions. In 2014 there were 3 cases of Ebola virus with onset in Texas, one case imported from Liberia and 2 nurses with secondary transmission from the imported case.
- <sup>24</sup> Vancomycin-intermediate resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (VISA)--*Staphylococcus aureus* with a vancomycin minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of 4 µg/mL through 8 µg/mL.
- <sup>25</sup> Vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (VRSA)--Staphylococcus aureus with a vancomycin MIC of 16 μg/mL or greater.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Amebic central nervous system (CNS) infections include primary amebic meningoencephalitis (PAM) caused by *Naegleria fowleri* and CNS infections caused by other amebae. Counts by organism and year: *Naegleria fowleri* - 1-2005, 2-2007, 1-2008, 1-2010, 1-2013, 1-2015; *Balamuthia mandrillaris* - 1-2007, 1-2010, 1-2014, 2-2015; *Acanthamoeba healyi* - 1-2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Infant botulism cases are under 1 year of age by definition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data is not available (NA) due to changes in case classification or surveillance practices.