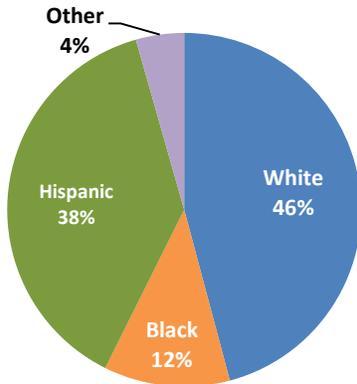
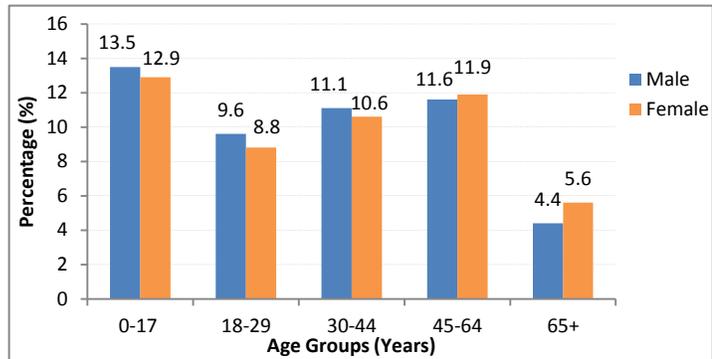


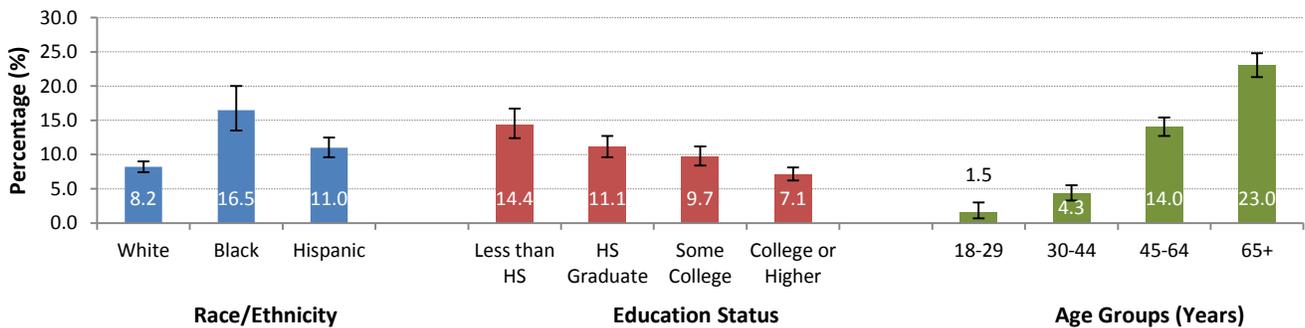
Texas Demographics, 2009



Population Distribution by Age and Gender, Texas 2009



Prevalence of Diabetes among Adults by Demographics, Texas 2010¹



- According to the 2010 Texas BRFSS data, **9.7%** adults 18 years and older in Texas (95% CI: 9.0-10.4) have been diagnosed with diabetes, i.e. about 1.8 million adults.¹
- According to the 2010 BRFSS data, **9.3%** adults 18 years and older in the U.S. (95% CI: 9.1-9.4) have been diagnosed with diabetes, i.e. about 22 million adults.¹
- African Americans had significantly higher diabetes prevalence as compared to other race/ethnicity subgroups. Diabetes prevalence among African Americans was 16.5% (95% CI: 13.5-20.0%).¹
- Diabetes prevalence among Hispanics was 11.0% (95% CI: 9.6-12.5%) and among whites it was 8.2% (95% CI: 7.4-9.0%).¹
- A decreasing gradient was seen in prevalence of diabetes with an increase in education status. Adults with some college or higher education had significantly lower prevalence of diabetes as compared to adults with less than high school education.

Prevalence of Diabetes by Race/Ethnicity and Age Group, Texas 2010¹

Age Group	White (%)	Black (%)	Hispanic (%)	All Races (%)
18 – 44	2.2 (1.2-3.2)	8.0 (3.7-12.3)	4.2 (2.8-5.7)	3.5 (2.7 –4.3)
45 – 64	10.1 (8.7-11.5)	20.8 (15.9-25.7)	21.5 (18.2-24.7)	14.0 (12.7-15.3)
65+	19.2 (17.4-21.0)	38.0 (29.5-46.4)	32.2 (27.0-37.5)	23.0 (21.2-24.8)

Reference:

1. Texas Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2010. Center for Health Statistics, DSHS.